

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (original) A method for making hollow spheres of alumina or aluminite comprising:
 - a) coating polymeric beads with an aqueous solution of an alumoxane;
 - b) drying the beads so as to form an alumoxane coating on the beads;
 - c) heating the beads to a first temperature, wherein the first temperature is sufficient to convert the alumoxane coating to an amorphous alumina or aluminite coating and is not sufficient to decompose the polymeric beads;
 - d) dissolving the polymeric bead in a solvent;
 - e) removing the dissolved polymer from the amorphous alumina or aluminite coating; and
 - f) heating the amorphous alumina or aluminite coating to a second temperature that is sufficient to form a hollow ceramic sphere of desired porosity and strength.
2. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the alumoxane comprises acetate-alumoxane.
3. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the average diameter of the polymeric beads is approximately 3 μm .
4. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the first temperature is between 180°C and 230°C.

5. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the second temperature is above 600°C.
6. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - g) covering the ceramic sphere with a solution of a metal-doped alumoxane so as to form a metal-doped alumoxane coating on the ceramic sphere; and
 - h) heating the coated sphere to a temperature sufficient to convert the metal-doped alumoxane coating to a mixed metal oxide phase.
7. (original) The method of claim 6 wherein the metal-doped alumoxane comprises methoxy(ethoxyethoxy)acetic acid alumoxane.
8. (original) The method of claim 6 wherein the metal-doped alumoxane comprises elements La, Ca, Er, Mg, Ti, or Y.
9. (withdrawn) A proppant comprising hollow spheres of alumina or aluminite wherein the spheres are produced by the method of claim 1.
10. (withdrawn) A ceramic matrix composite comprising hollow spheres of alumina or aluminite wherein the spheres are produced by the method of claim 1.
11. (withdrawn) A polymer matrix composite comprising hollow spheres of alumina or aluminite wherein the spheres are produced by the method of claim 1.
12. (withdrawn) A porous membrane comprising hollow spheres of alumina or aluminite wherein the spheres are produced by the method of claim 1.
13. (withdrawn) A hollow sphere of alumina or aluminite wherein:
the surface of the sphere is porous;

the hardness of the sphere is at least 750 kg/mm² on the Vickers hardness scale; and
the diameter of the sphere is approximately 3 µm.

14. (withdrawn) The sphere according to claim 13 wherein the hardness of the sphere is at least 1,800 kg/mm² on the Vickers hardness scale.

15. (withdrawn) A method for making a porous membrane, comprising:

- a) providing a colloidal suspension comprising hollow spheres of alumina or aluminite;
- b) coating a porous refractory support with the colloidal suspension;
- c) drying the coated support; and
- d) firing the dried coated support to a temperature sufficient to achieve a desired porosity and hardness of the membrane.

16. (withdrawn) The method of claim 15 wherein the hollow spheres are produced by:

- i) coating polymeric beads with an aqueous solution of an alumoxane;
- ii) drying the beads so as to form an alumoxane coating on the beads;
- iii) heating the beads to a first temperature that is sufficient to convert the alumoxane coating to an amorphous alumina or aluminite coating and not sufficient to decompose the polymeric beads;
- iv) dissolving the polymeric bead in a solvent;
- v) removing the dissolved polymer from the amorphous alumina or aluminite coating;
and
- vi) heating the amorphous alumina or aluminite coating to a second temperature sufficient to form a hollow ceramic sphere of desired porosity and hardness.

17. (withdrawn) The method of claim 16 whereby the second temperature is at least 600°C.
18. (withdrawn) A method for making a porous membrane, comprising:
 - a) providing a colloidal suspension comprising colloidal polymeric beads suspended in an aqueous solution of an alumoxane;
 - b) coating a porous refractory support with the colloidal suspension;
 - c) drying the coated support; and
 - d) firing the dried coated support to a temperature sufficient to achieve a desired porosity and hardness of the membrane.
19. (withdrawn) The method of claim 18 whereby the temperature in step d) is at least 600°C.
20. (withdrawn) The method of claim 18, further including the step of chemically removing the polymeric beads from the coated support prior to firing.